# Newport Mercury.

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**Newport Mercury.**

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*TERMS.*

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## QUILLS.

**Vm. & J.H. Barber,**

*HAVE JUST RECEIVED,*

LARGE Assortment of QUILLS, from 67 Cents to $3 per hundred.

A L S O,

**ACCOUNT BOOKS,**

f every description, and price.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $3 per un: Letter Do. of various kinds; and Wrapping Paper.

***ooks & Stationary.***

CHOOL BOOKS of every kind in in Town and the County, consist-of Geographies of all kinds;—lker's Dictionaries; Daboll's, Col-n's and Stamford's Arithmetics; rray's and Ingersoll's Grammar; N. k Expositor; Murray's Reader, Se-l and Exercises; Whelpley's Com-; History of the U. S. for Schools.

Newport, Jan. 30.

**VARIETY STORE,**

Bushels Elam white POTA-TOES, of a very superior quality for family use, just re-ved and for Sale by

**BENJAMIN H. WILBOR**

IN BROAD STREET,

*ere may also be found, a very exten-sive Assortment of*

GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS——SHOES,

OPEN, STONE & EARTHEN WARE, BUTTER, LARD, &c. &c.

low as can be purchased in this Town.

Newport, May 15.

**HORT REMOVAL.**

**S. W. VINSON,**

*Informs his Friends and the Public,*

THAT he has removed his DRUG & MEDICINE Establishment, to No. 84, on the West side of Thames-ree corner of Stevens' Wharf, and cently occupied by the late William rooke, Esq. where he is constantly re-iving fresh supplies, and will be happy wait on those who may please to call him, acknowledging the smallest fa-rs.

Newport, May 15.

**ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.**

WHEREAS Notes and Accounts have been remain unsettled on the th of June next, that THOMAS STA-EY, has assigned to the Subscribers for e benefit of his Creditors, will, on that y, be sold at Public Auction, at Town-end's Hotel.—All Persons having claims gainst said STACEY, are hereby notified to resent them in three months from this ate, or they will be precluded from any ividend out of his Estate.

ANDREW V. ALLEN, } *Assignees.*
JOSHUA SAYER. }

Newport, May 13, 1830.

**To Let,**

*And Possession given immediately,*

THE lower part of that con-venient Dwelling-House in Thames Street, formerly occupied by the late Mr. *Joseph Lyon*, with the Shop in front.—The House will be Let with, or without the Shop.—For terms, apply to JOSEPH LYON.

Newport, May 15.

**TO LET**

A DWELLING-House in Green Street, with a large Gar-den, and a good well of water.—For terms, &c. apply to

GEORGE BOWEN.

Newport May 15.

**NOTICE.**

THE Steam Boats *Benj. Franklin* and *President*, will leave Providence for New-York, on and after Monday, the 17th inst. at 12 M.

May 15, 1830.

## NEW GOODS.

***ISAAC GOULD,***

HAS Just received from New-York, a choice lot of BROADCLOTHS and CASSIMERES, of the most fashion-able colours.

Extra Marseilles Vestings, new patterns.
Silk Florentine ditto, plain & figured.
Gentlemen's summer Cloths.
Cravats and fancy Handkerchiefs.
Silk and Cotton long and short Hose.
Extra Beaver Gloves,

With a general Assortment of Articles of Men's wear.—The above being mostly purchased at Auction, will be sold very low for Cash.

*ALSO*, Extra fine Cotton SHIRTINGS, at reduced prices.

Newport, May 1.

☞ *DIRECTIONS FOR PROCURING*

A CHEAP and at the same time a handsome

BONNET,

**CALL AT TILLEY'S**

FOR A 50. OR A 75 CENT NAVARINO,

*HE HAS AN ASSORTMENT.*

Then purchase of him some Gauze Ribbon which are truly elegant and wide, from 8 to 12 1-2 cents, and you will accomplish your object. ATTEST, W. J. T.

Newport, May 15.

## NEW FASHIONS.

*JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW-YORK,*

THE latest Fashions for CAPS, HATS, and DRESSES, by

M. A. TAYLOR & Co.

No. 170, Thames-Street.

Newport, April 10, 1830.

## Kingston Academy.

FROM the distinguished facilities for improvement in this Institution, under the united and very acceptable exertions of Messrs. DAVIS and COMSTOCK, the present Instructors, the Trustees feel in-creased confidence and satisfaction, in re-commending it to the public attention and patronage. While the advantages of the Institution for improvement, both in the Classics preparatory for College, and in the various branches of a substantial English Education, without reference to a Collegiate course, are particularly eligible; the loca-tion of the Academy is pleasant, elevated and healthy, and sufficiently retired, 12 miles from Newport, and 30 from Provi-dence.

Tuition, as usual, in Greek and Latin, $5 per Quarter; in the higher branches of Mathematics, Geography with the Globes, Astronomy, Rhetoric, Logic, Philosophy, History and Composition, $3; in the low-er and more ordinary branches only, $2—Board, including washing, near the Acade-my and place of Worship, $1 50 per week.

The Summer term will commence on Monday, the 17th inst.

*In behalf of the Trustees,*
OLIVER BROWN, *Sec'ry.*

Kingston, R. I. May 5, 1830.

## NEW GOODS.
## At Tilley's,

HE is Selling them at the lowest possi-ble prices, and invites his Friends & Customers to give him a call before they purchase. The prices of a few articles are mentioned below, and all his Goods, (having a complete Assortment) proportionably Cheap, viz—

LEGHORNS from 5s to 54s each flat,
Elegant Shawls at all prices,
Nice white Lace 6-4 wide, 7s6 to 9s per yd.
Nice black do. 5 & 6-4 do. 9s to 15 per yd.
Superb Bedtickings 20 cents per yard,
No. 25 Tapes, for only 25 cents a doz.
More of 4-4 Bleached Cottons, at 9d,

With at least one thousand other articles, Among them, 21 Pieces of Broadcloth, of every color and quality, and Two or Three pieces a little damaged, to be sold at a reduced price.

Newport, April 30.

**LACE WORKING.**

THE Subscriber wishes to employ about ONE HUNDRED Young Ladies to work LACE, for which CASH will be paid immediately after the completion of each Piece.—Enquire at the House of Mr. A. V. TAYLOR, in Marlborough-street, from the hours of 9 to 12, A. M. and 2 to 5 P. M. each day.

THOAS G. TURNER.

Newport, May 8.

## For Sale,

A NEW VESSEL now on the stocks, near Wash-ington-street, on the Point, suitable for a Schooner.—She is about 100 tons burthen; is strong, well built of good materials, and is finish-ed, and now ready for launching.—For terms, apply to

WILLIAM LOVIE.

Newport, May 8.


## Poetry.

A new work under the title of *Legendary Ballads*, has been recently published in London, containing twelve new songs from the pen of T. MOORE, Esq. The last song in the volume is entitled "THE STRANGER."—It is in these words:—

COME, list while I tell of the heart-wounded stranger,
Who sleeps her last slumber in this haunted ground.
Where often at midnight the lonely wood-ranger
Hears soft fairy music re-echo around.

None e'er knew the home of that heart-stricken lady,
Her language, though sweet, none could e'er understand;
But her features so sunn'd, and her eye-lash so shady,
Bespoke her a child of some far Eastern land.

'Twas one summer night, when the village lay sleeping,
A soft strain of melody came o'er our ears;
So sweet, but so mournful, half-song and half-weeping;
Like music that sorrow had steep'd in her tears.

We thought 'twas an anthem some angel had sung us,
But soon as the day-beams had gush'd from on high,
With wonder we saw this bright stranger among us,
All lovely and lone as if stray'd from the sky.

Nor long did her life for this sphere seem intended,
For pale was her cheek with that spirit-like hue,
Which comes when the day of this world is nigh ended,
And light from another already shines through.

Then her eyes when she sung,—oh! but once to have seen them,
Left thoughts in the soul that can never depart;
While her looks, and her voice, made a language between them,
That spoke more than holiest words to the heart.

But she pass'd like a day dream—no skill could restore her—
Whate'er was her sorrow, its ruin was fast;
She died with the same spell of mystery o'er her,—
That song of past days on her lips to the last.

Nor even in the grave is her sad heart reposing,
Still hovers her spirit of grief round her tomb;
For oft when the shadows of midnight are closing
The same strain of music is heard through the gloom.

There is both beauty and tenderness, united to delicacy of expression, in the following lines, which we copy from the Cincinnati Daily Advertiser:

*HOME.*

Seest thou my home? 'Tis where yon woods are waving
In their dark richness to the sunny air;
Where yon blue stream a thousand flower-banks laving,
Leads down the hill a vein of light—'tis there.

'Midst these green haunts how many a spring lies gleaming,
Fringed with the violet, colored with the skies—
My boyhood's haunts, through days of summer dreaming
Under young leaves that shook with melodies!

My home—the spirit of its love is breathing
In every wind that plays across my track;
From its white walls the very tendrils wreathing,
Seem with soft links to draw the wanderer back.

There am I loved! There prayed for! There my mother
Sits by the hearth, with meekly thoughtful eye!
There my young sisters watch to greet their brother—
Soon their glad footsteps down the path would fly!

There, in sweet strains of kindred music blending
All the home voices meet at day's decline;
One are those tones, as from one heart ascending
There laughs my home—and stranger, where is thine?

Ask where the earth's departed have their dwelling,
Ask of the clouds, the stars, the trackless air!
I know it not, yet trust the whisper telling
My lonely heart, that love unchang'd is there.

And what is home? and where, but with the living!
Happy thou art, that so canst gaze on thine!
My spirit feels, but in its weary roving,
That with the dead, where'er they be—is mine.

Go to thy home, rejoicing son and brother!
Bear in fresh gladness, to the household scene!
For me, too, watch the sister and the mother,
I will believe—but dark seas roll between.

## Miscellany.

*"OUR COUNTRY."*—The following extracts are from the speech of Mr. POINSETT, at the public dinner given to him in Baltimore on the 12th inst.:—

"Go where he may, an American, who has a heart to feel, will always return with pride and delight to his own glorious and happy country. Glorious by the achievement of her Independence, by her brilliant naval victories, and by the valour and conduct displayed in repelling a foreign foe, in which Baltimore bore so conspicuous and so honorable a part. Happy in her admirable republican institutions, and in the superior moral character of her people—to which we owe all our prosperity and greatness. I never was more forcibly impressed with the truth of this than on returning from my late mission. I left the blue sky and glowing clime of Mexico, its fertile and abundant soil, its rich mines; magnificent cities swarming with priests and soldiers in religious processions and military parades; its splendid edifices inhabited by an amiable people, possessing great natural abilities; but where a long reign of superstition and despotism, still felt in its baneful consequences, had paralyzed all these advantages, and reduced the great mass of the people to inactivity and wretchedness. I arrived in my own country, ascended the mighty waters of the Mississippi and Ohio, breaking through the ice on our passage, and traversed mountains covered with snow, and found every where nature subdued by the efforts of a free, hardy and virtuous population, which in a few short years had converted an uncultivated desert into a smiling garden. It is true I saw no palaces on my route, but neither did I see any where the abodes of poverty or wretchedness.—I saw nothing of the pomp of war, but around me were a people excelling in the use of arms, and ready to wield them at their country's call to defend her rights or vindicate her honor. I met no splendid pageants of christian worship, but abundant proofs of sincere piety and unaffected attachment to our holy religion. In short, every thing on my passage proclaimed the dominion of wise and wholesome laws, and the happy influence of republican institutions, wearing the aspect of rapid improvement and wide spread happiness.

Now that our neighbours are independent, and their country open to the light of the nineteenth century, I will venture to hope, that their improvement will be equally rapid with our own; that they will cling to their federal republican constitution; that they will shake off the habits acquired under a despotic government, and cheerfully obey the laws they themselves have framed; and imitating our example, become a free, prosperous and happy nation."

A great number of religious and charitable associations celebrated their anniversaries in the city of New-York during the last week.—The following notice of the Sunday School Union we extract from the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, of 13th inst.

"The N. Y Sunday School Union held its anniversary yesterday afternoon. The schools formed in the park as usual and proceeded to Castle Garden, each school under its own banner, and led by its instructors and superintendants. It is computed that including the sixty schools, their officers, superintendants and instructors, together with the vast multitude assembled to witness the interesting spectacle, there were from fifteen to twenty thousand souls within the garden, filling the area, all the seats of the broad circular terrace, and clustering upon the wide surface of the garden walls. The opening prayer was made by the Rev. Mr. Phelps of Haverhill, Mass. and an address was pronounced by the Rev. Mr. Rice. of the Pearl street Church. The usual hymns for the occasion were sung with thrilling effect, because, the whole vast assemblage could join in these, and the rich swelling strains of "Old Hundred" were heard and felt in a mighty volume of melody, by all who could not join their own voices in the divine song.—The spectacle was truly a very imposing one. And it was an object of delightful contemplation, to think of the mass of human intellect here collected together, to expand as it is cultivated and matured, and ultimately to be diffused abroad over the whole land, like the elements of vegetable life, which being borne as the wind listeth, cause the earth to be fruitful, and nature to rejoice in her own unforced and unprotected wealth, the splendor of her variegated attire. The greatest order and decorum prevailed, and the appearance of the schools was highly creditable.—Among the thousands there assembled, we were particularly gratified with the appearance of the scholars from the Alms House at Bellevue. They were two or three hundred in number, and occupied a conspicuous place in the gallery: the boys all dressed alike, in light blue jackets and white trowsers, and the girls in checked frocks and white aprons—all clothed by the hand of charity. The motto on their banner we observed to be—"The *poor* have the gospel preached unto them."

*A Noble Reply.*—It is related of the eminent surgeon, Boudon, that he was one day sent for by Cardinal Dubois, Prime Minister of France, to perform a very serious operation upon him. The Cardinal, on seeing him enter the room, said to him, "You must not expect, Sir, to treat me in the same rough manner as you treat those poor miserable wretches at your hospital of the Hotel Dieu."—"My Lord," replied M. Boudon, with great dignity, "every one of those miserable wretches, as your Eminence is pleased to call them, is a Prime Minister in my eyes."

We copy the following article from the Philadelphia National Gazette of Saturday last, for its just and appropriate remark:—

We find, in one of the newspapers, the following paragraph:

"We never feel much inclination to assist in trumpeting the *liberality* of those who *bequeath* money to charitable uses, though the act is often a proper one. "We brought nothing into this world, and nothing can we carry away." A gentleman, whom we have no right to name, having recently received a dividend of five hundred dollars from the trustees of the old U. S. Bank, gave it for benevolent purposes. This example may be safely recommended."

The purport of this paragraph is decidedly just. We might apply the aphorism of "better late than never" to the act of one who gives when he can no longer enjoy or retain; but the credit of generosity is not due to him. In some instances, estates are bequeathed for public purposes, merely from unfounded dislike or spite to relatives, or from the hope of obtaining thereby a more eligible lot in the next world, than a life of parsimony and selfishness in this, would authorize the dying man to expect. To live munificently, is far better than to die benevolently. Saint Martin, of Tours, who divided his cloak with the mendicant, earned more favor in Heaven, we apprehend, than any covetous accumulator of wealth could gain by testamentary charities. True liberality implies self direct sacrifice,—expansive emotions of the heart,—the practice of contributing to the aid of others. In general, the rich can do more themselves, as benefactors, than almoners or executors can.

The trial of Charlotte Haywood, of Richmond, Vir. charged with the murder of the colored girl, Lucy Johnson, (by stabbing her with a knife in a moment of passion, brought on by alteration) was called up at the Hustings Court at Richmond, on Friday last; when, on motion of the prisoner's counsel, it was postponed until the next term, and the accused was remanded to prison. The Richmond Whig thus notices the appearance of this unfortunate woman:—

"The prisoner appears to be about 25 years of age, rather under the middle size, her figure quite handsome. She wore a large sun bonnet, which had her face, and prevented the spectators from observing it. She was accompanied by her infant, an interesting looking girl about two years of age. Her husband was also in court. She seemed to feel deeply the awful nature of her situation. Awful indeed it is—especially when contrasted with what she was a few years ago, before her marriage.

"She is represented by those who then knew her in Norfolk, where she was brought up and married, to have been the admiration of the circle in which she moved, as well for her personal beauty, as for her amiable conduct. What has brought her step by step from that happy, to her present miserable state, is generally known, but it is not our province, at least at this time, to speak of it."

*Anecdote.*—One of our good humored young men, who is remarkably short and plump, a few days ago asked his neighbor why he did not perform militia duty; he replied that his one leg was about half an inch shorter than the other, and that excused him—If that is the case, replied our honest chubby little man, "I ought to be excused too, for both of mine are not only half an inch, but a couple of inches too short."

*Penn. Gazette.*

The celebration of the hundreth birth day of a venerable citizen named Malatiah Mason, of Thompson, Connecticut took place on the 30th ult. A sermon was preached on the occasion, and a collection of $40 made for his benefit. He has been a member of the church 70 years, was a mason by trade, as well as by name;—it is stated, he always worked hard, lived temperately, possessed an almost undisturbed cheerfulness and equanimity of mind; and lives to see around him, 6 children, 53 grand children, 150 great grand children, and quite a number of great great grand children.

# CONGRESS.

*IN SENATE*, Tuesday, May 11, 1830.

The bill to reduce the duties on coffee and tea was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading,—the amendment to reduce the duty on salt having been rejected by a vote of 26 to 20. The Senate then resolved itself into a Court of Impeachment in the case of Judge Peck, of Missouri.

Mr. Webster submitted the following order.

Ordered, That James H. Peck file his answer and plea with the Secretary of the Senate, to the article of impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representatives, on or before the second Monday of the next Session of Congress.

Ordered, That the Secretary notify the foregoing order to the House of Representatives, and to James H. Peck.

Mr. Bibb moved to amend the order, by striking out the "second Monday of the next Session of Congress," and inserting the "twenty fifth day of the present month," which was agreed to; and the order was then made as amended.

On motion by Mr. Chambers, the Court adjourned, to meet on Tuesday, the 25th inst. at 12 o'clock.

After acting on some private bills, the Senate adjourned.

*Wednesday May 12.*

On motion of Mr. Tyler, Mr. Tazewell obtained leave of absence for the remainder of the session. The Senate was afterwards engaged on the bill making appropriations for building light houses, light boats, beacons, &c. and for improving harbors and directing surveys, &c. Various amendments were made, and the bill was ordered to be engrossed, and read a third time as amended—and then the Senate adjourned.

*Thursday, May 13.*

The bills to reduce the duties on tea, coffee, and cocoa—making appropriation for the erection of light houses, light boats, beacons, and monuments, for placing buoys and improving certain rivers and harbours, and ordering surveys—were severally read a third time and passed.

The joint resolution from the House of Representatives, fixing the time of the adjournment of the two Houses of Congress, was taken up, and after having amended it by striking out the 17th of May, the time designated by the House, and inserting the 31st of the present month, passed it by a vote of 27 yeas.

Two important bills were fully discussed, and after having undergone various amendments were finally rejected. The first was the bill introduced by Mr. Webster, to establish the office of Messrs. Webster, McKinley, and Chambers and opposed by Messrs. Rowan, Dickerson, Sandford, Livingston, Hayne and Smith, of S. C. In the course of the discussion, Mr. Brown moved to lay the bill on the table; this motion was rejected, yeas 21 nays 24. Mr. Dickerson moved to commit the bill to the Committee on the Judiciary, with instructions to amend it so assign the duties intended to be performed by the Solicitor of the Treasury to the Attorney General; which motion was lost, yeas 15 nays 32. On taking the question, "shall the bill be engrossed for a third reading," it was rejected, yeas 21, nays 24.—The second bill was one reported by the Committee on Naval Affairs, to re organise the Navy of the United States; and containing a provision for the creation of three Admirals. On this bill being taken up, the question was on inserting the words, "one Vice, and two Rear Admirals," in lieu of the Admirals stricken out on a former occasion. After a considerable discussion, during which the amendment for the creation of three Admirals was agreed to, yeas 24, nays 20, together with various other amendments; the question was taken on ordering the bill to a third reading, and it was rejected, yeas 22, nays 22. Several bills from the House were read twice and referred.—The Senate then adjourned.

*Friday, May 14.*

On motion of Mr. Bibb, who voted in the majority, the vote taken on rejecting the bill for the better organization of the Navy, was reconsidered; and that part of it creating three Admirals having been, on motion of Mr. Bibb, stricken out, the section leaving it discretionary with the President to increase the number of officers when, in his opinion, the public service may require, on motion of Mr. Forsyth, stricken out. The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

The bill authorizing a subscription to the stock of the Maysville, Washington, Paris, and Lexington Turnpike Company, was next taken up, on motion of Mr. Rowan.—Mr Forsyth, in order to try the sense of the Senate of the bill, moved to strike out the first section of the bill. This motion was supported by Messrs. Forsyth, Tyler and Hayne, and opposed by Messrs. Johnson, Smith of Md Webster, Rowan, Benton, Noble and McKinley. The motion was rejected, yeas [illegible], nays 25. The Senate, then, on motion of Mr. Smith, of S. C. who wished to address the Senate on the passage of the bill adjourned.

*Saturday, May 15.*

The bill granting pensions to certain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United States during the Revolutionary war, was taken up on motion of Mr. Foot, and, after a short debate, which grew out of a motion of Mr. Hayne, to strike from the first section of the bill, the name of a Major in the French service, the motion was rejected: ayes 16, noes 18; and the bill was ordered to a third reading. The bill to re-organize the Navy of the U. States, came up for a third reading as amended, when Mr. Foot, in a few remarks, opposed its passage in the shape in which it stood. Mr. F. was replied to by Messrs. Hayne, and Smith, of S. C. and after a short disucussion, the question was taken, and the bill was passed. The bill authorizing a subscription to the stock of the Washington, Maysville, Paris, and Lexington Turnpike Road Company, was next taken up, as the unfinished business; when Mr. Smith, of S. C. addressed the Senate at length, in a constitutional argument in opposition to the bill. He was followed Messrs. Webster, Noble, and McKinley, in its support; after which, the bill was ordered to a third reading—yeas 24, nays 18. Mr. Rowan then moved that the bill be read a third time that day; and this motion, after a slight opposition on a question of order having been carried, the bill was read the third time and passed. The Senate spent some time in the consideration of Executive business, and then adjourned.

*HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,*
*Tuesday, May 11.*

Mr. Cambreleng's bill to amend the navigation laws came up for consideration, and Mr. Strong resumed his remarks in opposition to it, and spoke until the close of the hour. Mr. Mallary's bill to "alter the several acts imposing duties on imports," was then taken up in Committee of the whole and occasioned a debate of some length.

Mr. M'Duffie addressed the Committee in opposition to the bill as reported, and in support of the amendment proposed by him, for upwards of three hours.

Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts, and Mr. Burgess explained, disclaiming all intention in the course of their former remarks of taunting the South on the existence of slavery in that section of the country; the latter contending that the tariff system had its origin South of the Potomac; first by the non-intercourse and embargo laws, and subsequently by the act of 1816.

The question was then taken on the amendment of Mr. McDuffie; which was, upon a division, negatived by a vote of ayes, 62; noes, 112.

On motion of Mr. Buchanan, the committee rose, and reported the bill as amended.

[illegible] as reported, Mr. M'Duffie moved to annex to the bill as an additional clause, the amendment separately. That providing for the repeal of the tariff of 1828, on woollens, was first taken up and rejected, ayes 68, noes 120. The second proposition to repeal the tariff of 1828, on iron, hemp, flax, cotton bagging, molasses, indigo, and cotton fabrics, was then taken up and rejected, ayes 70, noes 117. The House then took up the last branch of the amendment now modified by Mr. M'Duffie, proposing that after the first day of December, there should be collected a duty of 15 cents per bushel upon foreign salt, and after Dec. 31st. 1831, 10 cents per bushel, and no more. It was adopted, ayes 105 noes 85. Mr. Wilde offered an amendment for repealing the tariff act of 1828, with the exception of the duty on salt, but it was rejected yeas 68, nays 119. Mr. Gorham then moved a reconsideration of the vote for reducing the duties on hemp and iron to the old rate previous to 1828. It was advocated by Mr. Storrs, but before the question was taken, the House adjourned at half past 7 o'clock.

*Wednesday, May 12.*

The House resumed the consideration of the bill to regulate the collection of the duties on imports, with the depending amendments. The question was on the amendment to reconsider the vote for reducing the duty on Salt. A debate ensued, when, to put an end to it, the previous question was called and carried 171 to 25. The main question was taken and carried—ayes 102, noes 97. The question then recurring on the amendment proposing to reduce the duty on Salt, Mr. McDuffie modified the amendment so as to defer the reduction to 15 cents, to the 1st of September, 1831, and the reduction to 10 cents, from and after the 31st December, 1832 A debate ensued, which lasted several hours, when the question was put on the amendment and negatived—ayes 98, nays 102. So the amendment was rejected. The question then came up on the amendment of Mr. Scott, as amended by the proviso of Mr. Howard. The amount of which amendments are, to increase the duty on rail road iron, but that when it shall be proved that any such iron has been laid on any road a drawback to the amount of the duty shall be allowed. A motion to strike out the drawback was negatived, ayes 46 noes 140. Mr. Chilton moved to include in the amendment imported iron "used for axes, hoes or ploughs, or for any other purpose of agriculture," which was negatived, ayes 57. Mr. Drayton moved to add to the amendment, an amendment providing for a repeal of the duty on Salt after December next—negatived, ayes 55. Mr. Tucker then moved on amendment that after June next the duty on molasses be reduced to five cents a gallon. The amendment was then put, and negatived without a division. The question was then put on the amendment of Mr. Scott with the proviso of Mr. Howard, as stated above, and carried, ayes 101 nays 70. At 9 o'clock at night the question was put on ordering the bill to be engrossed and read a third time, and decided in the affirmative—ayes 117, nays 24—when the House adjourned.

*Thursday, May 13.*

*NAVIGATION LAWS.*

After the transaction of the early business of the day, the consideration of the bill for to amend the Navigation Laws, reported by Mr. Cambreleng, from the Committee on Commerce, was resumed, and Mr. Strong continued his remarks in opposition to it, concluding by a motion which he afterwards withdrew to postpone the bill to the 4th of July next. Mr. Cambreleng rose to reply but the hour expired.

The House took up the Import Duties Bill, which was, after a warm but brief discussion, finally passed, upon a division by yeas and nays, by a vote of 127 to 41. The bill from the Senate for the removal of the Indians to the West of the Mississippi, was subsequently, on motion of Mr. Bell, taken up in a Committee of the whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Wickliffe in the Chair, and engaged the attention of the House during the remainder of the sitting.

Mr. Bell spoke in support of the measure, until nearly 4 o'clock, when he was compelled, by indisposition, to discontinue his remarks for the present. Mr. Lumpkin was proceeding to address the committee on the same subject; but, on the motion of Mr. Burringer, the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

*Friday, May 14.*

After acting on the reports of several committees, the House resumed the consideration of the bill on the

NAVIGATION LAWS.

Mr. Cambreleng made some remarks in support of the bill. After a short discussion, a motion to lay the bill on the table was carried 130 to 38.

The Light Houses appropriation bill, from the Senate, was committed.

The amended bill from the Senate to reduce the duties on Tea, Coffee, and Cocoa, was taken up, and the amendments concurred in.

The House took up the amendment of the Senate to the Resolution fixing the time of adjournment. After several motions to postpone the subject, and to lay it on the table were negatived, the previous question was called, and the question of concurrence with the Senate in fixing on the 31st May for the adjournment of Congress, was agreed to, ayes 126 noes 63.

The rule which appropriates Fridays and Saturdays to private bills, was suspended, ayes 110, noes 38.

The bill concerning the removal of the Indians, was again discussed in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Lumpkin having yielded the floor.

Mr. Bell resumed and concluded his observations in favor of the bill, the House then adjourned.

*Saturday, May 15.*

The resolution formerly proposed by Mr. Carson, respecting the accounts of certain naval functionaries, was, with the amendments of Mr. Whittlesey, and one submitted on Saturday by Mr. Bell, agreed to by the House without a division.

Several resolutions were postponed, and others considered and agreed to; and various petitions and papers were, on motion, allowed to be withdrawn.—The interesting question of the reduction of the salt duty, was then brought before the House, by a motion of Mr. Taliaferro, to take up the resolution submitted by him to that effect. The resolution went to provide that after the 30th of September next, the duty should be ten cents per bushel; and after the 30th of September, 1831, be entirely remitted. Some discussion followed, and the yeas and nays were taken; after which, an ineffectual motion was made to suspend the rule of the House, allowing one hour to the consideration of resolutions. The residue of the day was occupied in the consideration of the Indian removal bill in a committee of the whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Wickliffe in the chair. Mr. Storrs, of New-York, addressed the committee until 4 o'clock, when Mr. Lumpkin took the floor, but at the solicitation of several members, he yielded to a motion to rise, and the House adjourned.

# BY MAILS.

WASHINGTON, May 18.

At no preceding session of Congress, probably, have the Debates in both Houses been more voluminous than at this; at few sessions more interesting; and at none more able or more worthy of being preserved. We have, so far, published as much of them as we have been able to find room for. Of the principal Debate, in the Senate, we have published the whole, as far as it has gone: it has not yet been brought to a close, no question having been taken upon the proposition which was the subject of it. Of the other debates, in both Houses, we have published part, and intend to publish more, when our columns can be freed for the purpose.—The debate in the Senate on the Indian Question, of which we have yet been able to publish nothing, shall receive its due share of our attention. A debate on the same question, of great consequence, and distinguished by powerful intellectual exhibiiton, is now going on in the House, and on the same bill as has passed the Senate, of which our readers shall at least have a fair sample. It occupied the House of Representatives yesterday until a late hour, and it is almost equally difficult to predict when it will terminate, as what will be the result of it. No man can pretend to say, with any confidence, whether the bill will or will not pass the House of Representatives.

NEW-YORK, May 19.

Latest from the Pacific.—Mr. John Cryder, who came passenger in the schooner Railway, which arrived yesterday from Curacoa, has communicated several items of news from the Pacific,—having left Callao on the 13th of March, and proceeded to Curacoa via Panama. We copy the following:

It was said that a Commercial Treaty would be agreed upon between Chili and Peru, by which one country was to allow the import, duty free, of the products of the other. This taking effect, would destroy the flour trade from the United States to Peru, and be the means of supplying Chili in a great measure, with the sugar of Peru, which could be had in Lima, of the best quality, at seven cents per lb.

Flattering accounts from the mines of Pasco, were received in Lima the 12th of March. It was thought that in three or four months they would be worked with good success. For the greater encouragement of the mines, the government had taken off the internal duties, or tax, on silver, relieving them from several per cent they formerly had to pay.

The Colombian Minister had been very urgent for the adjustment of the claims of his government against Peru; but was answered with so little satisfaction, that it was said he had determined on quiting the country. When learning of the arrival of the frigate Colombian, at Guayaquil, from Porto Cavello, he concluded to await her convoy to Callao, and the Peruvian Government were not without apprehensions, that, with this additional naval force of the Colombians, they would endeavour to oblige them promptly to fulfil the articles of the treaty.

Indirect advices had been received at Lima from Chili, to February 25th, detailing some further successes of the Constitutional party. Gen. Freyre, at the head of about 1000 men, was about to march from Coquimbo to Santiago, to form a junction with Colonel Tupper, and attack the force of General Prieto, about 1200 strong. This would probably settle the contest, and leave the country again in quiet; but it would be a long time before business could recover from the shock given to it, and confidence restored.

May 20.

*LATE FROM MEXICO.*

The brig Thatcher brings Vera Cruz papers to 28th and from the city of Mexico to 21st of April. We have also seen several private letters of the latest dates from both the above places.

From a hasty glance at the papers we find it difficult to form a correct opinion of the real state of public affairs in the country; but infer generally that it is not very tranquil—something like a civil war, or serious opposition to the existing government prevails in different sections of the country, and a severe but doubtful struggle may soon take place between the two great contending parties.

If the present government is able to maintain public tranquility and retain the power in their own hands, it will be from the use of very harsh and rigorous measures which they were pursuing against the Malcontents, and the leaders of the Guerrero Party.

There is so much party feeling throughout the country, and all the prints so warmly enlisted in favor or against the existing government that we find it difficult to form a correct opinion. We may hereafter give some extracts but for the present conceive it would not throw much light on the already complicated state of affairs in that quarter.

The government and best informed individuals, are fully persuaded that Spain is contemplating another expedition. The government are already occupied in preparatory measures of defence. Commerce appears to be, judging from the many arrivals from Gibraltar, and the Mediterranean, and also from England, rather active at the moment, and a brisk trade is going on between Vera Cruz and New-Orleans.

The Mexican Congress are now engaged in discussing a project to close all the ports in the Gulf of Mexico against foreign trade, except Vera Cruz, Tampico and Campeachy, and perhaps Goazacualco.

The prohibitions of the 22d May are repealed until the 1st January next.—The State of V Cruz was tranquil.


# The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 183[illegible]


*CONGRESS.*

In the Senate of the U. S. on Mond[illegible] last, the bill "for the more effectual colle[illegible]tion of the import duties," was report[illegible] from the Committee on Commerce, wi[illegible] amendments.

The Senate repealed their resolution a[illegible]thorizing a subscription to Gales & Seator[illegible] proposals for re-printing the public doc[illegible]ments, by a vote of Ayes 24, Noes 21.

The bill for the relief of sundry revol[illegible]tionary and other officers and soldiers, w[illegible] read a third time and passed.

After acting on some private bills, t[illegible] Senate adjourned.

In the House, on Monday, the debate [illegible] the resolution for a repeal of the duty [illegible] Salt was resumed. Mr. Taliferro havi[illegible] modified his resolution, Mr. Hoffman mov[illegible] that it be laid on the table, which was n[illegible]gatived by a vote of 87 to 97—further d[illegible]bate was then suspended, by the expirati[illegible] of the hour.

The House then postponed the spec[illegible] orders, and took up the Indian Bill, wh[illegible] Mr. Lumpkin, of Georgia, spoke about t[illegible] hours in favor of the bill, Mr. Ellsworth [illegible] Conn. about an hour in opposition to [illegible] and Mr. Foster of Georgia, about t[illegible] hours in favor of the bill.—At 6 o'clock t[illegible] House adjourned, without taking the qu[illegible]tion on the bill.

Adjournment of Congress.—By [illegible] Congressional Journal it will be seen, th[illegible] both Houses of Congress have agreed [illegible] adjourn on Monday, the 31st inst.

*INTERESTING DEBATE.*

The Speech of the Hon. Mr. Frelin[illegible]huysen, a Senator in Congress from Ne[illegible] Jersey, on the Indian Question, has be[illegible] published in a pamphlet, a copy of wh[illegible] we have received. It is highly credita[illegible] to the talents of that gentleman; and [illegible] less so to his humane principles as to [illegible] cause of the Indians.

It will be recollected that Mr. Robb[illegible] our Senator in Congress, followed M[illegible] Frelinghuysen in the debate on this int[illegible]esting question, and gave a strong [illegible] original view of the subject, in his spe[illegible] which was published a few days since, a[illegible] in which he ably and humanely advoca[illegible] the rights and interests of the Ind[illegible] tribes, and the unjust tendency of the [illegible] towards them clearly pointed out.

The May Term of the Court of Comm[illegible] Pleas commenced in this town on Tues[illegible] morning last.—At the opening of [illegible] Court, similar rules were adopted, as th[illegible] practised in the Supreme Court of t[illegible] State. The first two days of the term w[illegible] wholly occupied on pleas to the Court, [illegible] questions of law, in a case of escape [illegible] liability of bail.—The Court will adjo[illegible] this day.

*DUTIES*.—By our Congressional Jo[illegible]nal it will be seen, that the bill to red[illegible] the duties on Tea, Coffee and Cocoa, [illegible] passed both Houses of Congress, the ho[illegible] having concurred in the amendments m[illegible] by the Senate. The National Intelligen[illegible] states, that the principal amendment i[illegible] extend the provisions of the act to T[illegible] now imported, which shall remain in wa[illegible] houses when the act goes into operation

The Harrisburg (Penn.) Intelligen[illegible] stater, that the National Anti-Maso[illegible] Convention, to be held at Philadelphia [illegible] the 11th of Sept. next, will nominate [illegible] anti-masonic candidate for the Presiden[illegible] and plainly intimates, that Richard Rush [illegible] Pennsylvania, late Secretary of the Trea[illegible]ry, will be that candidate.

The appropriations of Congress, the p[illegible] sent year, (independent of the provision [illegible] the public debt) will amount to nea[illegible] thirteen millions of dollars.

State of Mexico.—The Phil. Natio[illegible] Gazette of Tuesday last, says,—"We h[illegible] advices of the latest date from Mexi[illegible] shewing that her condition is indeed depl[illegible]able. The dominant faction are relentle[illegible]ly persecuting their adversaries; dissolvi[illegible] contracts made by their predecessors, e[illegible] after payments have been received; [illegible]claring the legislatures of the states op[illegible]sed to them, to be illegally constituted, [illegible] order to have new elections, and thereby [illegible] the legislative assemblies with their o[illegible] creatures. At the same time, resistanc[illegible] almost every where organized, and a sev[illegible] struggle is to be expected."

The National Intelligencer of a late d[illegible] contains the following paragraph, which [illegible] recommend to the attention of all del[illegible]quents:—

"A gentleman of Alabama, who recen[illegible] became advised that he had owed a bala[illegible] of $11 for the National Intelligencer, sin[illegible] 1815, voluntarily remitted to us last we[illegible] by the hands of a friend $20, for inter[illegible] and principal. Were we not confident t[illegible] such extraordinary merit must necessar[illegible] be coupled with great modesty, we wo[illegible] hold the name of our ancient patron up [illegible] the admiration of all publishers, as we [illegible] his example to the imitation of all delinque[illegible] subscribers."

AIN.—Letters from Cadiz, received w-York, state the sailing of the Span- undron for Cuba, on the 27th March. e is no longer any doubt that the re- d expedition against Mexico has been ned, at least for some months. This ron contained only 1500 men, design- replace the vacancies in the garrisons a and Porto Rico; and no arrange- were making for dispatching any troops at present.

y. GILMER, of Georgia, in a letter on bject of "Education," directed to the of the Columbian Star, says, "We o such class as the poor. Our lands cheap, and the necessaries of life so obtained, that the number of depen- poor are scarcely sufficient to give se to the virtue of charity in individu- A beggar is almost as rare with us as ce. Children instead of being an in- ance to the poor of our country, are ches."

*ravagant Habits.*—There is much n the following extract from one of efferson's letters :—

lthough we have in the old countries rope the lesson of their experience to us, yet I am not satisfied we shall he firmness and wisdom to profit by he general desire of men to live by eads rather than by their hands, and ong allurements of great cities to who have any turn for dissipation, n to make them here, as in Europe, nks of voluntary misery."

*Philadelphia Inquirer* of Saturday contains the following judicious re- ns :—

e shall be less fastidious than some contemporaries in censuring the ling fashion, adopted by men lth, of living close, mean and sor- es, and then *buying their way to* n by leaving bequests to charitable nary and other institutions. Sev- stances of this kind have occur- this city within the last seven Men who have performed no t of liberality while alive; who without one sympathetic emotion, witnessed individual suffering; uld have relieved, and rendered rous, many of their fellow-citizens ng them in business, have hoped e for their cold hearted avarice, isregard of humble merit enduring evils of penury, by leaving behind stentatious wills, giving ten thou- llars to one public institution, thousand to another, and per- ty or a hundred thousand to a They would render an infinitely ceptable service, in the eyes of d man, by bestowing their wealth ndigent relatives and friends, or dustrious and intelligent individu- These remarks are of course not ble to gentlemen of fortune, who se the merit and enterprise they e around them."

ENSIVE SALE.—The valuable pro- n Pawtucket, exposed to sale by on Wednesday last, we are grati- learn, was principally disposed rices considerably above its va- in the hands of the Assignees.— le was spirited, and indicated a to the healthful condition of af- previous to the depressions of Twenty four out of forty three re sold, amounting to about fifty d dollars. The Pawtucket Hotel buildings, brought $8800, and t of the Union Block, was knock- t $5000.—The sacrifice on the y, though a very great depre- from its original cost, was much an had been apprehended by nterested in its sale.—*Providence dvertiser.*

TI.—The brig Onslow, arrived at ork, brings intelligence that the ment of Hayti does not mean to with the terms of the treaty with , in consequence of which the Consul, Baron Pechon, had sail- rance in the corvette Lapone on ult. The Journal of Commerce —By this arrival we learn, that hamas have been thrown open to n vessels, and that several had laden with cattle, &c.

RIES OF WEALTH.—We witness- range sight on Thursday evening a few doors of our office.—A man had drawn a large prize in the lotteries, and had just receiv- proceeds, amounting to near housand dollars. It drove him on the spot. No sooner had he ed the money than his senses for- him, and being an utter stranger e city, he roamed through the like a madman, until going into a er's shop near Fourth-street, he sed a dagger, for which he of- to give an hundred dollars. A had followed him to the shop ttracted by the singular spectacle; e then came out, swearing ently that he would kill the first e met, a threat which his disor- senses would certainly have im- him to execute. We left him in of some humane individuals, a choly instance of the weakness of uman nature.

*Philadelphia Saturday Bulletin.*

e choice of a Senator in Congress, he State of Connecticut, is to be at the present session of their Le- ure.

*THE SEASON.*—A writer in the New-England Farmer states that vegetation is more forward, than usual, this year, by about eighteen or twenty days.

"Last year," he says, "the first blossoms noticed were on the 16th of May. This year, several trees were observed quite full blown on the last day of April, making at least eighteen days difference in the progress of the two seasons. At this time, they are in full blossom, and there is probably the greatest profusion of blossoms ever known here, Pear, Peach and Cherry trees have blossomed unusually full; and there is a prospect of a superabundance of all kinds of fruit. Grass looks well, and like the trees, is from 15 to 20 days earlier than usual."

It further appears, from the statements of this writer, that, in the last nine years, apple trees have been in blossom eight days earlier, upon an average, than in the fifteen preceding years. This indicates a gradual and very favorable change in our climate.

*Boston Palladium.*

*A full Cargo.*—The ship Sarah, of 501 tons, Captain Arthur, which has recently returned to Nantucket, from a whaling cruise in the Pacific, of about three years, has brought into port 3500 barrels of Oil, the largest cargo of Oil, ever returned by any part of the world. The Sarah is owned by Messrs Gardner and Swift of Nantucket, who employ in the whale fishery three of the largest ships engaged in that business.

Hon. Langdon Cheves was thrown from a gig in Charleston, S. C. 5th inst. the horse being frightened. His head was much bruised.

The Legislature of Massachusetts will meet on Wednesday next: the Election Sermon is to be preached by the Rev. Dr. Channing.

Mr, NOAH is said to have gone to Washington. A reconsideration of his case may be attempted in the absence of Mr. Tazewell.

The new steam boat Brownville, owned by E. B. Dodd, and others, of Brownville, was burnt to the waters edge on the 9th inst. while making her first trip to Ogdensburg. Much of her cargo was thrown overboard.

The Cincinnati American, of the 6th inst. in noticing one of the late steamboat explosions, says—"An affecting incident, which we are informed on the best authority actually occurred, will justify our last opinion. Two persons returning from the lower country to their homes, had the misfortune to be dreadfully scalded, by one of the first explosions that occurred. They underwent every kind of suffering, both from extreme pain and the want of good attention. Having however, lived through all this, they had the good, or as it turned out, the bad fortune partially to recover, and were removed on board another boat in the hope of reaching Louisville. That hope they never realized:—another explosion proved more fatal than the first, and their existence at once terminated."

A young man named Edmund Williams died at Litchfield, Conn. about the first of May. On his death-bed he made many disclosures of robberies committed by himself in conjunction with others It was their intention to have broken into the house of a wealthy gentleman at Litchfield; murdered his family, and fired his house; every thing was prepared, and the night fixed for the crime, but Williams was taken sick in the meantime, and the business was postponed until his recovery. His accomplices have escaped.

*Emigration.*—One thousand two hundred strangers, all seeking "the west," arrived in the village of Buffalo during the three days ending the 11th inst and have most of them taken passage up the lake to various ports. A large portion of this number consists of English emigrants, who are seeking a home in our new states and territories.

The Detroit Gazette says, the number of persons who have landed at that port, with the intention of making Michigan their home, the present season, may be safely stated at between four and five hundred. To this number additions are made on the arrival of every vessel and steamboat.

The Augusta Courier states that there are 3000 people in the Cherokee Territory, searching for gold: that if one party finds a rich spot, it must keep it by its strength. At night, parties collect by a pine-knot fire, over a bottle of whiskey, and play cards for the earnings of the day. The country presents a shocking scene of drunkenness, fighting and gambling.

A motion to dispense with prayers at the meeting of the Senate of Connecticut each morning, was lost, the mover only voting in the affirmative.

In New York, at the *African Church*, corner of Leonard and Church streets, a merchant from the country was robbed of his pocket book, containing about $150.

## ☞ POSTSCRIPT.

The Steam-packet PRESIDENT, Capt. R. S. BUNKER, arrived at 5 o'clock this morning in the short passage of 13 hours from New-York, and we received papers of last evening.—They contain no late arrivals from Europe, and nothing of interest.

In Congress, on Tuesday last, the Senate were principally engaged on Executive business; the nomination of Samuel McRoberts as U. S. Attorney for Illinois, in place of S. Breese, was rejected.

In the House, on Tuesday, the resolution to reduce the duty on Salt, was withdrawn.—The debate on the Indian Bill was then resumed, and continued until 10 o'clock P. M. at which time the House were still occupied in the debate.

Gov. TOMLINSON was on Thursday last elected a Senator in Congress, by the Legislature of Connecticut, in place of Mr. Willey, by a large majority.

Capt. Beverly Kennon has been appointed to the command of the U. S. sloop of war Vandalia, on the Coast of Brazil, in place of Capt. Gallagher.—Purser John De Bree also goes out to join the U. S. ship Hudson, on the same station.

### ITEMS OF NEWS.

A proposition is now pending before Congress to reduce the postage on pamphlets and periodicals, and also to reduce the postage on newspapers to two-thirds of its present amount.

James Smith, charged with forging a check of $2200 on the United States Branch Bank in the name of John Hagan & Co. with the intention to defraud the said Bank has been fully committed at New-Orleans.

The detachment of U. S. troops from Tampa Bay under command of Captain Brady, arrived at the Creek Agency on the 25th ult. They are on their way to the Cherokee Nation, where a new military post is established.

BRIGHTON MARKET,—*Monday, May* 17
(Reported for the Boston Patriot.)

At Market this day, 239 Beef Cattle, (including 7 unsold last week); more thin cattle were in than is usual at this season; (unsold 19) 12 working oxen, 2 cows and calves, 84 sheep, and 220 swine.

*Prices.*—Beef Cattle—a small depreciation will be perceived (say 17 cents per 100 lbs.) probably in consequence of the weather being rainy, viz. extra $5 17 a 5 33, good $4 87 1-2 a 5 12 1-2; thinner at $4 25 a 4 75.

Working Oxen—ordinary at $35, 36, 40, the pair.

Cows and Calves—at $25, 27.

Sheep—one lot of 9 Cosset Weathers were sold by Mr. Rice, of Conway, for $60; one lot of 45 were taken at two prices, $3 75 & 4 17.

Swine—a small advance—few sales only; were effected at retail, at 6 a 6 1-2 cents; one lot of 100 were taken at 5 cents—about 100 remain unsold.

*Prices of Wool at Boston, May* 20.—American full blood, 38 to 50 cts.; 1-2 do. 33 to 40; 1-4 do. 33 to 38; 1-4 common 29 to 33; lambs' washed 1st qual. 35 to 37; superfine 40 to 48 spinning 1st sort, 29 to 30; 2d do. 25; 3d do. 18 cents.

### MARRIED,

In this Town on Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Eddy, Mr. John Edwards, of Alleghany County, N. Y. to Miss Harriot Gifford, daughter of Mr. Jeremiah Gifford, of Portsmouth.

At Providence on Monday evening last, Rev. Alexis Caswell, Professor of Natural Philosophy in Brown University, to Miss Esther L. Thompson, daughter of the late Edward K. Thompson, Esq.

At Charleston, S. C. on the 5th inst. Mr. Isaac S. Bailey, formerly of Middletown, R. I. to Miss Hannah J. M'Elmoyle, daughter of Mr. William M'Elmoyle, of that city.

### DIED,

In this Town on Saturday morning last, after a short and distressing illness, Elizabeth Allen, aged 13 years, eldest daughter of Mr. John J. Allan.—By this sudden bereavement, her parents and family are deprived of an affectionate child and sister, and her connexions and acquaintances of one, to whom they were fondly attached.

At Middletown on Thursday morning last, Mrs. Lucy Brown, wife of Mr. Pardon Brown, and daughter of Capt. Nathaniel Armstrong of South-Kingstown, aged 25 years.—Funeral This Afternoon, at half past 2 o'clock, which her Relations and friends are requested to attend without further invitation.

At Philadelphia on Saturday last, Mrs. Lydia Clarke, widow of John Innes Clarke, Esq. and daughter of the late Dr. Ephraim Bowen of Providence, aged 78 years.

*WEEKLY ALMANACK.*

| 1830. MAY. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | High water | Moon sets. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22 Saturday | 4 42 | 7 18 | 7 58 | 7 56 |
| 23 Sunday | 4 41 | 7 19 | 8 57 | 8 54 |
| 24 Monday, | 4 41 | 7 19 | 9 55 | 9 51 |
| 25 Tuesday | 4 40 | 7 20 | 10 51 | 10 41 |
| 26 Wednesday | 4 40 | 7 20 | 11 44 | 11 24 |
| 27 Thursday, | 4 39 | 7 21 | aft.33 | morn. |
| 28 Friday | 4 38 | 7 22 | 1 20 | 0 1 |

New Moon 22d day, 2h. 28 min. in the morning

## Ship News.

### PORT OF NEWPORT.

*ARRIVED.*

*Saturday, May* 15.—Sch'r Minos, Dennis, 14 days from Havana, with molasses, to George Engs.—Passengers, Charles D'Wolf, Esq. and son; Mrs. G. D'Wolf.—Left May 1st, Ships Glide for Europe, loading; Charlotte, Church, for Bristol in 10 days; Brigs Rising States, Cady, of Providence loading for Philadelphia; Fame, Vinson, of do. for New-York in 2 days; Marcia, Maybury, of do. for N. York in 6 days; Enterprize, Bewen, for Providence in 4 days; William, Taylor, of this port, from New-Orleans; Harvest, Eldred, of do. sailed for Matanzas 2 days previous to load; Angela, Gardner, of Portland, for Mariel in 2 days; ship Cassio, and brigs Oscar, and Sebago, all of Portland, discharging; sch'r Argo, West, for Boston in 6 days; Billow, M'Kenzie, from New, Orleans.—The U. S. ships Falmouth, Com. Elliott, and Natchez, were to sail on a cruize in 3 days.

Sch'r Rosabella, Seavey, 5 days from Portsmouth, N. H.

*Wednesday, May* 19.—Sch'r Washington Eldredge, 7 days from Alexandria.

Sch'r Spring-Bird, Nickerson, 10 days from Ocracoke, N. C.

Sloop Essex, Stanley, 18 days from Wilmington bound to New-Bedford.

Sloop Express, Gardiner, 3 days from New-York.

*Thursday, May* 20.—Sch'r Love, Thatcher, 6 days from Baltimore.

Sch'r William, Miller, from Providence for Charleston.

Sch'r Superior, Barlow, from Providence.

Sloop Ann, Manchester, from New-York for Providence.

*CLEARED,*

| | |
|---|---|
| Sch'r William, Miller, | Charleston |
| Sloop Albany, Vars, | New-York |
| " Collector, Heath, | Hartford |

*MEMORANDA.*

Arrived at New-York on Monday last, Brig Adams, Burroughs, from Bay of Mexico; Fame, Vinson, 14 days from Havana.—On Thursday, Brig Marcia, Mayberry, 12 days from Havana; sailed May 7th, in co. with ship Charlotte, Church, for Bristol.

At Hamburg April 1st, Ship Newport, Vaughan, of this port, uncertain where bound.

At Montevedio March 24th, Brig Plymouth, Lawton, discharging.

Sch'r Hazall, Shove, for Providence, sailed from Alexandria on Saturday last.

At Payta Oct. 7th, Ship Erie, Adams, of this port, with 700 bbls. Oil.

At Matanzas May 5th, Brig Harvest, Eldred, for Trieste in 4 days.

At New-Orleans May 1st, Sloop Hudson Kerlew, for Appalachicola in 5 days; Brig Criterion, Hughes, for Havana, next day.

Ship Majestic, Page, from Charleston for New-Orleans, was spoken May 13th, Moro Light bearing ESE. 15 miles distant.


## NEW GOODS.

### John B. Newton,

*HAS THIS DAY OPENED,*

50 Pieces CALICOES, at 12 1-2 cents, the best ever offered in Town at that price.

12 Pieces blue, mixt & brown Broadcloths,

Superb black Bombazines—Linens,

Straw Carpeting—Hearth Rugs,

A few more straw color'd Navarino Hats

Twilled Stripes for summer wear,

Furniture Dimity, &c. &c.

Newport, May 22.

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of

CAPT. HENRY HUNTER,

late of Newport, deceased, are requested to present them, and all those indebted to said Estate, to make payment to

GEORGE ENGS, *Executor.*

Newport, May 22.

## PENMANSHIP.

THE Subscriber having been requested by some of his friends to commence a course of instruction in writing: will open a School on the first of June if sufficient encouragement is offered.—The classes will be limited.—The contemplated hours of instruction are from 8 to 9 in the morning, for masters; from 5 to 6 for misses. These hours have been selected, as not interfering with the regular School hours—but a different arrangement will be made if wished for by the patrons of the school. The success which has attended his teaching, and the approbation he has received from the public, has encouraged him to offer his services.—Specimens of his writing, and terms on application. J. W. EDDY.

Newport, May 22.

## Groton Mo. Lottery, cl. 24

*DRAWS THIS DAY.*

## $5,000 highest prize

Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

## Maine State Lottery, cla. 5

*DRAWS ON TEUSDAY.*

## $5,000 highest prize

Tickets $2—parts in proportion

## Gr. Cons. Lottery, class 9

*DRAWS ON THURSDAY.*

## $10,000 high't prize

40 Prizes of $1,000 each.

Tickets $10—Parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS,

May be had at the Lottery Office of

## S. CAHOONE,

*DRAWN NUMBERS,*

*In Gr. Consol. Lot. of Connecticut No.* 1

18 8 6 47 48 43 27 9 7

*In Cumberland & Oxford Lottery, No.* 6.

47 2 21 60 34 26 46 40 25

*In R. I. State Lottery, class* 2,

29 26 36 17 37 3

*MORE PRIZES AT CAHOONE'S!!*

☞ Comb. 3 20 45 in Maine State Lottery, No. 11, a prize of $1,000, was Sold in a package of Quarters, by S. CAHOONE.

*Also*, Comb. 19 37 42 in Grand Cons. Lot. of Conn. No. 8, came up a Prize of $200, and was sold in a whole ticket—And a very handsome Lot of Quarters of $100, 90, 80 50, &c. in the above, and Lotteries drawn since.

Newport, May 22.

## AUCTIONS.

ASSIGNEES SALE.

## On Saturday, May 29

*At X o'clock A. M. will be sold at Auction, on the premises,*

ALL the right, title and interest which *Stephen H. Cahoone* had on the 20th day of May, 1829, in and to a certain lot of land with a Dwelling-House thereon standing, now occupied by him, and situated at the south end of Thames-Street.—*Also immediately after*, All the Notes and Accounts due him, which then remain unpaid.

JOHN STEVENS, } *Assignees.*
E. W. LAWTON. }

Newport, May 22.

## On Saturday, May 29

*At XI o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction in front of Mr. Townsend's Coffee House, if fair, if not, the Monday following, by order of the Board of Directors of the Narragansett Bay Company.*

SIX likely Young Canadian Stud HORSES.—Conditions made known at the time and place of Sale

GEORGE KNOWLES, *Com. of sale.*

Newport, May 15.

## Wm. James Tilley,

*OPENED THIS DAY,*

SOME Nice Black NAVARINOS, and more of those yard wide bleached COTTONS, at 9d.—He has nice Black and White Leghorns, and a complete assortment of Ribbons.

Newport, May 22.

## Groton Mo. Lottery, cl. 24

*DRAWS THIS DAY.*

## $5,000 highest prize.

Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

## Maine St. Lottery, class 5

*DRAWS ON TUESDAY.*

## $5,000 highest prize

Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,

Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office of

## J. C. SHAW.

*DRAWN NUMBERS.*

*In Gr. Consol. Connecticut Lottery No.* 1

18 8 6 47 48 43 27 9 7

*In R. I. State Lottery, class* 2.

29 26 36 17 37 3

Newport, May 22.

## PROBATE NOTICE.

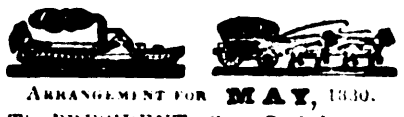
*Court of Probate, Middletown, May* 17*th.*

WHEREAS an Instrument of Writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of WILLIAM BAILEY, Esq. late of Middletown, dec. was presented for Probate, and Letters Testamentary thereon.—It is ordered, that consideration be further postponed to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town-House in Middletown, on the 3d Monday in JUNE next, at 2 o'clock P. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order,*

WILLIAM SMITH, *Probate Clerk.*

## NEW-YORK AND BOSTON STEAM PACKET LINE.

From Providence for New-York, DAILY, Sundays excepted, touching at NEWPORT.



ARRANGEMENT FOR MAY, 1830.

The PRESIDENT, Capt. R. S. BUNKER,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
May 1, 6, 10, 14, 19, 25, 29, at 12 M.
AND NEW-YORK,
May 4, 8, 12, 17, 21, 27, at 4 P. M

The CHANCELLOR LIVINGSTON,
Capt. C. COGGESHALL,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
May 3, 7, 13, 18, 22, 26, 31, at 12 M.
AND NEW-YORK,
May 5, 11, 15, 20, 24, 28, at 4 P. M.

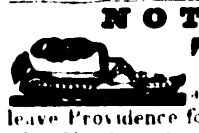
The BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Capt. E. S. BUNKER,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
May 4, 8, 12, 17, 21, 27, at 12 M.
AND NEW-YORK,
May 1, 6, 10, 14, 19, 25, 29, at 4 P. M.

The WASHINGTON, Capt. COMSTOCK,
LEAVES PROVIDENCE,
May 5, 11, 15, 20, 24, 28, at 12 M.
AND NEW-YORK,
May 3, 7, 13, 18, 22, 26, 31, at 4 P. M.

The Packets, both to and from New-York, touch at the Long-Wharf at Newport, to receive and land Passengers.—Carriages always in waiting upon their arrival.

May 1, 1830.

## NOTICE.



THE Steam Boats *Benj Franklin* and *President*, will leave Providence for New-York on and after Monday, the 17th inst. at 12 M.

May 15. 1830.

## Dancing Academy.

THOSE Young Ladies and Gentlemen who may wish to attend Mr. DUNHAM'S Dancing School, for the Half Quarter, are requested to attend on TUESDAY AFTERNOON next, at 3 P. M.

Newport, May 15.

## Retailing Molasses.

A VERY superior lot of MOLASSES, for Retailing.—*Also*, NEW RUM by the Hhd. or Barrel —*Likewise*, A few Pieces Russia DUCK.

*FOR SALE, BY*

J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE.

Newport, Dec. 19.

## Constantly on Hand,

ALL SIZES of American Round bolt IRON, from 4-8ths up to 1 1-4 inch.—*Also*, SALTUS, SONS & Co. celebrated CHAIN CABLES, of all sizes, from 1-2 inch up to 1 1-2 inch, and of any length to suit those who purchase. The Cables are warranted to be of the very first quality, and stand high in the estimation of the Navy Board, and all others who have proved them.—Satisfactory Certificates from many of those who have proved them, may be seen by calling at the Subscriber's Store, who is the Agent.—The above will be Sold as low as at the Factory; any one wishing to purchase, will do well to call.

ROBINSON POTTER.

Newport, Feb. 14.

## George G. King,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFERS his professional services to the Public.—Office, in the Building of the R. I. Union Bank.

Newport, Feb. 13.

## *WOOL CARDING, AND CLOTH DRESSING.*

THE Subscriber informs his old Customers and the public, that he continues, at his manufacturing establishment in Portsmouth, to Card Sheep's Wool of the grades.

**CLOTH DRESSING.**

He continues to *Dye and Dress* Woollen Cloths of every description, with real *Indigo Blue*, and all other colors required.

He will also manufacture Wool into Yarn or Cloth, which will be done with despatch, in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAMUEL CLARKE.

☞ Articles intended to be sent to the Factory, may be left with *Job Sherman*, or *George Knowles*, Chase's wharf, in Newport; *Sanford Almy*, Little-Compton; *Weeden Gray*, Tiverton; or *Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol-ferry.

Portsmouth, June 4, 1829.

## Wool Carding and Cloth Dressing.

THE Subscribers inform their Friends and the Public, that they have taken the [illegible] FACTORY, Portsmouth, R. I. (formerly occupied by *Moses Lawton*) where they [illegible] to attend to those who will please to favor them with their custom, in Carding Wool, Colouring and Dressing Cloth, in a workmanlike manner, at the customary prices. They will also take Yarn and manufacture it into Cloth, on reasonable terms. They have confidence in being able to give satisfaction, from their experience in manufacturing, and the success they have rendered them a [illegible] sufficient to give satisfaction.

[illegible] for the Factory, may be left with Edward Stanhope, Broad-street, or R. R. [illegible], Ferry-wharf, Newport; George Lawton [illegible], Jeremiah Gifford, Bristol ferry; [illegible] will be taken by the Subscribers instead as returned.

LEWIS GRINNELL, jun.

DAVID BAKER.

Portsmouth, April 3.

## Loaf & lump Sugar.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Mr. *J. W. Archibold*, of New-York, Sugar-Refiner, his Agent for vending *Loaf & Lump SUGAR* in Newport, he will keep constantly, and has now on hand, all the qualities by him manufactured, which will be sold by the Box or Bbl. delivered here free of charges, at the New-York prices and credit.

JOSIAH C. SHAW,

*Agent for J. W. Archibold.*

Newport, Nov. 28.

## *INK POWDER.*

MAYNARD & NOYES' INK POWDER AND LIQUID INK.—*Ten years trial* has established the superior [illegible] and the character [illegible] *permanency* of color [illegible] the best judges.

*Copy.* Bristol, R. I. *Middletown, Oct.* 17, 1823.

[illegible] Powder of Messrs. Maynard & Noyes [illegible] for some time in the office, [illegible] it has superior [illegible]

J. P. BURNHAM Cashier.

*Providence, Washington Co. April* 10, 1823.

[illegible] Ink. [illegible] all who are desirous of using *permanent* [illegible] writing.

O. CALLS, Cashier.

*Post Office, N. Y. City, March* 19, 1827.

Messrs. Maynard & Noyes.—Gentlemen, In answer to [illegible] respecting the Ink [illegible] Office, I state with [illegible] Ink is much approved [illegible] as a first rate article [illegible] desirous of using good [illegible] Writing Ink.

[illegible] your obedient servant,

[illegible] VALLY, P. M.

☞ The above [illegible] Sale by Wm. & J. H. Barber, Wm. Callahan, and [illegible] Brazeau, in Newport.

January 9, 1830.

# N. SWEET,

WILL OPEN THIS DAY, AT

# 112,

*CHEAP-SIDE.—THAMES-STREET.*

## 30 Packages of ELEGANT GOODS

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE LATE ARRIVALS AT NEW-YORK AND BOSTON,

Of the Newest Patterns, with the latest Fashions.

☞ His Old Customers, and the Public, are invited to call, and look at his GOODS, and he pledges himself to give them,

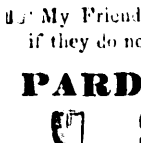
**REAL BARGAINS,**

And much Goods, for a little Money.

Newport, Saturday, April 17, 1830.

☞ My Friends will please to take Notice if they do not wish to be led away. ☜

## PARDON WHITE,



STILL continues to furnish the Store No. 95 Corner of Market-square, formerly kept by *Benjamin Marsh jr. & Co.* with all kinds of BOOTS & SHOES of the best quality, and on the most reasonable terms. All kinds of Boots and Shoes will be manufactured to order, by the best workmen, and warranted good.—Rips mended *gratis*, and repairing done at short notice.—He feels grateful for past favors, and solicits a continuation of the custom of his friends and the public.

Newport, April 3.

## Boarding-House.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has removed to Newport, and taken the New three-story HOUSE in Broad-street, near the State House, where he will accommodate *BOARDERS* on reasonable terms;—Every attention will be paid to those who may favor him with their custom, to render their stay agreeable.

JOSEPH FISH.

Newport, 1st of 5th mo. 1830.

## To Let,

A FARM situated in the town of Plainfield, Windham county, (Conn.) about 50 rods from the Academy, on the Turnpike road leading from Providence to Windham, containing about 240 Acres of choice land, well proportioned for meadow, pasture, plough and wood land, with a Dwelling-House, two barns, and other out houses.—Said Farm is well watered and abundantly supplied with Orchards.—For terms, apply to

DAVID KING.

Newport, Jan. 16, 1830.

## NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

**CHRISTOPHER FOWLER, ESQ.**

deceased, requests all persons having demands against said Estate, to present them for settlement, and those indebted, to make payment to

S. FOWLER GARDNER, *Executor*

Newport, April 16, 1830.

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Late Firm of S. & G. BOWEN, are requested to present them for settlement; and all indebted to said Firm, to make immediate payment to

GEORGE BOWEN,

*Surviving Partner.*

Newport, Oct 3, 1829.

## COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

WE, the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive the claims of the Creditors against the estate of

ELIZABETH HOSIER,

late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof, being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at our respective dwellings, during said period, for the purpose aforesaid.

DAVID BUFFUM,
JAMES CHACE
JOHN CHASE. } *Commiss'rs*

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

JETHRO F. MITCHELL, *Adm'r.*

Middletown, 4th mo. 6th, 1830

## FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE

WHEREAS Samuel M. Burnside has claimed indemnity for loss on property insured to him by Policy Number 2410, issued by the Providence Mutual Fire Insurance Company, the premises thereby insured, having been destroyed by Fire on the 13th ult.—Now, for the purpose of paying said loss, the Board of Directors of said Company have ordered an assessment of one and one quarter per cent. on the original amount of the deposite notes in the funds at the time of said Fire, to be paid to the Treasurer within thirty days after the 13th of April inst.

WILLIAM WILKINSON, *Treasurer.*

Providence, April 2, 1830.

**E. W. LAWTON,**

Agent of said Company for the Town of Newport and its vicinity, will duly discharge such as make payment within the time specified, during the hours of business, at his Store, No. 172 & 174, Thames st.

Newport, April 17, 1830.

# M. FREEBORN,

HAS FOR SALE, AT HIS

## VARIETY STORE, NO 19, BROAD-STREET,

A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

# HAY, and GARDEN *SEEDS,*

*OF THE LAST YEAR'S GROWTH.*

Raised by the Shakers and others, warranted inferior to none.

**PROVIDENCE PATENT PLOUGHS.**

**A very great assort ment of**

# PAPER Hangings,

From 23 Cents to 3s 9d per Roll.

**ALSO,**

*A GREAT VARIETY OF* **SHOES.**

Crockery, Glass, Stone, earthern & wooden Ware; Nails; Cutlery; Dye-stuffs.

All kinds of produce; utensils of husbandry.

Weaving, knitting & sewing COTTON.

**DRY GOODS.**

Such as Plaids, Stripes, Sheetings and Shirtings, Calicoes, Sattinetts, &c.

TOGETHER WITH AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

**GROCERIES.**

OF THE FIRST QUALITY.—AND

## *FLOUR,*

At all times, by the BARREL.

NEW BUTTER,

Received daily from some of the neatest and best Farmers on this Island, and always sold as cheap as by any of my Neighbours.

Newport, March 27, 1830.

## Beef, Pork, &c.

75 Bbls. Boston Mess No. 1 & 2 BEEF.

20 Bbls. PORK

50 Boxes Candles, sixes, 40 lbs. each.

30 Bbls. superior Philadelphia FLOUR for family use.

50 do. Alexandria ditto.

**ALSO,**

1,000 wt. 1st ql Havana COFFEE

500 Bushels Southern CORN,

20 Casks Eastern LIME,

*For Sale on Dean's Wharf, by*

JOSHUA SAYER.

Newport, May 15.

## 100 Boxes superior

SOAP, 20 lbs. each, for Sale by

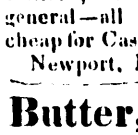
JOSHUA SAYER

Newport, April 3.

## GEORGE KNOWLES

*On Chase's Wharf, (between the Ferry and Horse-Boat Wharves,)*

**OFFERS FOR SALE,**



40 Hhds. of first quality Retailing MOLASSES, new crop; 200 bushels St. Ubes Salt; 30 bbls. Pork; 50 quintals Codfish,—Grain of all kinds; Flour by the Bbl.; Good Butter; Cheese; and GROCERIES in general—all of which will be Sold cheap for Cash, or approved credit.

Newport, March 20.

## Butter, Cheese, &c.

3000 Wt. Western BUTTER; 2000 lbs. CHEESE; a few bbls. Buckwheat FLOUR; Albany Ale; and an Assortment of Groceries;—For Sale on the Ferry Wharf, by

BENJAMIN C. EDDY.

Newport, March 6.

## Commission Store.

J. W. EDDY offers his services to the public as an Auction and Commission Merchant. Unexceptionable reference given Orders respectfully solicited.

In store, a variety of goods at reduced prices.

☞ The highest price given for Old Iron, Junk, &c.

Newport, Jan. 16.

## TO LET

*And Possession given the 1st of April.*

THAT large and convenient Dwelling-House in Broad-Street, formerly belonging to *David Williams*, deceased.—The House is in good order, and has a large Garden, with fruit trees, &c.—*ALSO*, A Shop, and one other Building adjoining, will be Let, either separate, or with the House.—For further particulars and terms, apply to EDWARD STANHOPE, in Newport, or to

JAMES CHASE.

Portsmouth, Feb. 12.

## TO LET,

*And immediate Possession given,*

THE SHOP, No. 123, Thames-Street, recently occupied by *G. Faisneau.—ALSO*, One or more good Stores on Perry's Wharf.—Apply to

GEORGE ENGS.

Newport, April 3.

## NEW & FASHIONABLE PAPER-HANGINGS.

## Edward Stanhope,

*Has for Sale at his Cheap Variety Store,* No. 15, BROAD-STREET.

A GREAT Variety of New and Fashionable

**PAPER-HANGINGS and BORDERS.**

From 25 to 75 Cents per Roll—Just received from the Manufactory.

Newport, March 27.

## NEW STORE

CONNECTED WITH THE SLOOP *ALBANY,*

**JUST OPENED BY**

## Wm. & John Vars,

*ON FOULER'S WHARF.*

*Where they intend keeping constantly on hand, Wholesale and Retail,*

FLOUR and Grain of all kinds—Albany Ale—No. 1 Mackerel—Butter, Cheese, Salt—New-York Crackers by the barrel,—and *GROCERIES IN GENERAL.*—Also, SCHUYLKILL COAL in quantities to suit purchasers.

Newport, Oct. 24.

## Wm. L. Melville,

TIN PLATE WORKER,

*No. 162, Thames-Street.*

CONTINUES to carry on the above Business as usual, and keeps constantly on hand, a general Assortment of TIN WARE, and other articles in his line, to suit the market, and positively will sell them as low as can be purchased in the State, not excepting of Pedlars; those who wish to encourage their own townsman, will do well to call and satisfy themselves of the truth of this assertion.

Merchants, and Pedlars can be supplied at wholesale, as low as can be purchased in the United States.—Old Pewter, Lead, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in preference to Cash.

Newport, March 21.

## WOOD

SEALED Proposals will be received by the Subscriber, until the 1st of June next, for supplying WOOD for the use of the Troops in the Harbor of Newport, not exceeding in the whole, 280 Cords.—Thirty Cords to be delivered [illegible] the 1st of July, and the delivery to be completed by the 1st of November next. The whole to be sound merchantable Oak Wood, measuring 125 cubic [illegible] to the cord.

Bonds will [illegible] the faithful performance of the [illegible] supported by two good [illegible]

F. N. BARBARIN, [illegible] Art.

*Acting Quartermaster.*

Fort-Wolcott, March 27, 1830.

## Fresh Beef.

SEALED Proposals will be received by the Subscriber, until the 15th day of May next, for supplying FRESH BEEF to the Troops in the Harbor of Newport, for One Year, commencing on the 1st day of June. The Beef to be of a good and wholesome quality, in quarters, with an equal proportion of each, in such quantities as may be from time to time required, not exceeding thrice in each week, on such days as shall be designated by the Assistant Commissary of Subsistence.—Bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, supported by two good and sufficient sureties.

F. N. BARBARIN, *1st Lt. 3d Art. Ass't Commis. of Subsistence.*

Fort-Wolcott, March 27, 1830.

## TO LET,

*And Possession given the 25th April next*

THE North part of the House, late belonging to *Robert Robinson*, dec. consisting of one front room, kitchen, wash room, & one lodging room below stairs, three chambers, with half of the garret, and cellar, and half of a large Garden. For terms, apply to

ROBINSON POTTER.

Newport, April 24.

## For Sale,

SEVERAL PEWS in *TRINITY CHURCH.*—For terms, &c. apply to

J. G. WHITEHORNE,
ROBINSON POTTER. } *Committee*

Newport, April 10.

## GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice, That he has been duly appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of Charlestown, Guardian to the Person and Estate of THOMAS FRY SHERMAN, of said Charlestown.—All persons therefore having any demands against said Sherman, are requested to exhibit them to said Guardian, within six months from the date hereof, as the law directs; and those indebted to him, to make immediate payment to

LEWIS KINYON, *Guardian.*

Richmond, May 7, 1830.

## NOTICE.

WHEREAS I have heretofore suffered severely in a pecuniary point of view, by having been taken and deemed to be a Partner in the business concerns of individuals, from whose business I never derived any benefit.—And whereas I have no wife or family, I therefore hereby forbid all Persons from giving any credit *to any person whatever*, on my account, unless they have my written authority to that effect.

THOMAS WHITE.

Little-Compton, May 5, 1830.

## ROMEO,

THIS celebrated HORSE will stand the ensuing Season at the Stable of Mr. STEPHEN B. CORNELL, in Portsmouth.—He is 4 years old, over 15 hands high, and his color is a blood bay.—His grandsire was the Old Virginia Eclipse.

Portsmouth, May 14, 1830.

## John B. Newt

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS CUST

THAT he has just returned [illegible] New-York, where for the Ten Days he has devoted himself to the purchase of his SPRING SUPPLY which are well worth the attention of Purchasers—being a more complete and Cheaper Assortment than ever offered in this Town.

☞ It is impossible to particularize all the Articles.—The Public are requested to call and see.

Newport, March 20.

## NOTICE

THE Subscriber will on the 20th [illegible] remove from DEAN'S to [illegible] Wharf, (nearly opposite the New Bottom House) where he will be regularly supplied as usual with all kinds of Wood, and other articles usually kept at a Wood wharf.—*Also*, Eastern Lime of a superior quality, by the cask.—Also for family use by the Bbl.—Being the necessity of settling the concerns while on Dean's Wharf, those indebted there will please call and settle their bills.

S. DEBLOIS.

Newport, April 3.

## For Sale,

THAT pleasantly situated FARM in Portsmouth, on the west side of the Island, about [illegible] from Newport, (formerly called the Shrieve, or Johnston place) containing about 50 Acres of good Land, with a two-story Dwelling-House, new barn and other out buildings thereon, and valuable orchards. The Farm is bounded by the west shore, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure. For terms, &c. which will be liberal, apply to

JAMES CHASE.

Middletown, 2d of 1st mo. 1830.

## TO LET.

*And Possession given immediately.*

THE whole, or part of the Dwelling-House, situated in Thames-Street, near the Bridge, opposite the Estate of Capt. Wm. [illegible] For terms, apply to

MICHAEL EDDY.

Newport, March 13.

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Executor to the Will and Testament of

JOHN H. KNOWLES,

late of South-Kingstown, yeoman, deceased, giving bond as the law directs.—He requests all persons having demands against the estate of the said deceased, to exhibit the same for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment to

HORATIO N. KNOWLES, *Ex'r.*

South-Kingstown, April 12, 1830.

## PROBATE NOTICE

*Court of Probate, Middletown,* [illegible]

WHEREAS an Instrument of Writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of WILLIAM BAILEY, Esq. late of Middletown, dec. was presented for Probate and Letters Testamentary thereon, and it appeared, that the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town-House in Middletown, on the 3d Monday in May next, at 2 o'clock P. M. and previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

WILLIAM SMITH, *Probate Clerk.*

*Court of Probate, Middletown,* [illegible]

WHEREAS the Administrator [illegible] account on the Estate of [illegible] MANCHESTER, late of Middletown, deceased, was this day presented for settlement and allowance:—It is ordered, that the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town-House in Middletown on the third Monday in May next, at 2 o'clock P. M. and that previous notice be given, by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury, to all persons interested, to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order.*

WILLIAM SMITH, *Probate Clerk.*

## *VEGETABLE CERATE.*

HAIR Restorative and preserver. Vegetable CERATE; simple in its nature and wonderful in its operation. This important discovery of a Vegetable Cerate, capable of restoring and preserving the hair, was accidentally made by an individual who has neither the capacity, nor the disposition to practice deception or fraud. The full reliance may be placed on the efficacy and virtues of the Vegetable Cerate, and not only in restoring and preventing the falling off of the hair, but in producing the neatest lustre and softness of it imaginable; and the public may be assured that its effects will be clearly manifested in the course of a short time by the renewal of a vigorous growth of the hair, and effectually preventing its coming out and falling off. The Vegetable Cerate tends to invigorate and excite the energies of the capillaries, or vessels which constitute those organs that secrete the matter forming the hair; these, like other organs of the animal body, which have been in a state of dormancy or disease, may be restored to their healthy action, and perform the functions assigned them by nature.

☞ The above Cerate is for Sale at the Office as Agents for the Proprietor.

Newport, June 6

## ECLIPSE,

WILL stand the ensuing season at the Stable of Mr. LEVI SHEARMAN, Portsmouth, about [illegible] from Bristol Ferry.—Eclipse is owned and was raised by Mr. Rowse T. Potter, of this Island, and at the last Cattle Show had the Premium.—He is 3 years old, over [illegible] high, and of a bright bay color.

Portsmouth, May 5, 1830.